Abstract

Land, forming the base of agricultural production, has a special position in the economic-judiciary surroundings of the states; In the history of Hungary, several interferences happened in the land-ownership. The decade starting from the political- and landlaw reform is a short time in the land tenure. Despite of it there were important changes in the land structure. In the 1970' and 1980 'ies, agricultural big firms, especially co-operatives and state farms, were common in Hungary. State dominance was typical to landownership and land use with rather little privately owned land. After privatization this tendency changed, lands are owned by farmers. In the following article, I am going to show the laws according to the landownership and land use of Hungary and the European Union.